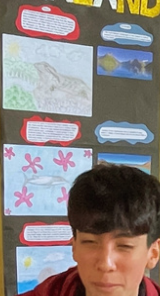








NEW ZEALAND



NEW ZEALAND
capital is Wellington
historical heritage

+ New Zealand is country in Oceania. It is made up of two main islands, the southern and the northern.
On the north island there is a capital called Wellington.

1839 - First Maori settlement. The first white settlers of New Zealand were sailors of the fleet.
The first settlers probably arrived in 1839.









Radical

Introduction: What's Capitalism?
Capitalism is a system of economic organization in which the means of production are privately owned and operated for profit. It is based on the principle of free market competition, where individuals and businesses are free to produce and sell goods and services as they see fit. Capitalism is characterized by the separation of ownership and control of the means of production from the workers who use them. The system is driven by the pursuit of profit, which is achieved through the production and sale of goods and services. Capitalism is a complex system with many different forms and variations, but it is generally characterized by these key features:

Private Property: The means of production are owned by private individuals or companies, rather than the state or the community as a whole. This allows owners to make decisions about how to use their property and to reap the rewards of their investments.

Free Market: Goods and services are produced and sold in a free market, where prices are determined by supply and demand. This allows for competition, which is thought to lead to innovation and efficiency.

Profit Motive: The primary goal of capitalism is the pursuit of profit. This is achieved by producing goods and services that are in demand and selling them at a price that is higher than the cost of production.

Capital Accumulation: Profits are reinvested in the business to expand production and create more jobs. This leads to the accumulation of capital, which is used to fund further investment and growth.

Wage Labor: Most people in a capitalist system work for wages. They sell their labor to employers, who provide them with the means of production and the capital to operate the business. In return, the workers receive a wage for their labor.

Competition: Businesses compete for customers by offering better products, lower prices, or more innovative services. This competition is thought to drive progress and innovation.

Globalization: Capitalism is a global system, with goods and services being produced and sold across national borders. This has led to the growth of multinational corporations and the integration of global markets.



Mr X
Lester

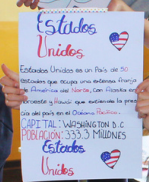
















SALES

JUST DO IT

HEADS

CONTESTS

PRIZES







